## 16 A and 25 A power contactors with or without handle

Catalogue number(s): 412503 / 04 / 05 / 09 / $10 / 14$ / 17 / 21 / 22 / 23 / 24 / 33 / 34 / 35 / 36 / $44 / 51$ and 92702 / 03

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## 1. DESCRIPTION - USE

## Symbol:



## Technology:

Electromagnetic contactor (monostable relay)

## Use:

For controlling a load remotely via a switch

## 2. RANGE

## Conventional thermal current:

Ith $=16$ and 25 A
Types of contact:
" $\mathrm{NO}+\mathrm{NC}$ " mixed contact

## Polarities:

2-pole in 1 module ( 17.8 mm )

- "2NO"
- "2NC"
- $\quad \mathrm{NO}+\mathrm{NC} "$
. 4 -pole in 2 modules ( 35.6 mm )
- "4NO"
- "4NC"
- $\quad$ " $2 \mathrm{NO}+2 \mathrm{NC}$ "
- $\quad 3 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NC} "$


## 2. RANGE (continued)

Nominal voltage of the power circuit:
. $\mathrm{Un}=250 \mathrm{~V} / 400 \mathrm{~V} \sim$
Nominal voltage of the power circuit:
. 24 V and $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$
Nominal frequency of the control and power circuits:
. $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$
3. DIMENSIONS


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## 4. POSITIONING - CONNECTION

## Installation software:

. XL PRO

## Operating position:

. Vertical, horizontal, flat (all positions)

## Mounting:

. On symmetrical EN 50-055 rail or DIN 35 rail, using two plastic clips.

## Recommended tools:

. For the terminal screws: insulated or non-insulated screwdriver, Pozidriv no. 1 or with a 4 mm blade.
. For attaching: screwdriver with blade ( 5.5 mm max) or Pozidriv no. 1.

## Positioning in a row:

. The product profile and positioning of the terminals allow singlephase and three-phase toothed connection supply busbars to be passed at the top of the product without impairing accessibility of the contactor terminals. This way it is possible to select the position of the pulse operated latching relay freely in the row and to connect the circuit breakers located on the same rail via a supply busbar.


Examples of schematic diagrams:
"2 NO" contactor

4. POSITIONING - CONNECTION (continued)
. "4NO used as a 3NO" contactor

"4 NO" contactor


## 16 A and 25 A power contactors with or without handle

## 4. POSITIONING - CONNECTION (continued)

## Connection:

. Screw control and power terminals:

- Type of terminal: caged
- Depth: 12 mm
- Capacity (h x w): $4.7 \times 4.7 \mathrm{~mm}$
- Compatible copper conductors

Rigid or flexible without ferrule:
$1 \times\left(0.75\right.$ to $4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ according to EN/IEC 61095, $6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ accepted) or $2 \times\left(0.75\right.$ to $\left.2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$
Flexible with single ferrule: $1 \times\left(0.75\right.$ to $\left.6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$
Flexible with double ferrule: $2 \times\left(0.75\right.$ to $\left.4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$

- Screw head: mixed head Pozidriv no. 1 and 4 mm blade
- Screw head: mixed M3.5
- Min. tightening torque: $0.5 \mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{max} .: 1.2 \mathrm{Nm}$ recommended: 0.8 Nm


## Length of control lines:

. with 24 V contactor: 330 m for 1-module contactor or 100 m for
2-module contactor with $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ cables
. with 230 V contactor: 250 m for 1-module contactor or 400 m for 2-module contactor regardless of the connection cable crosssection.

## Degree of protection:

. Terminals protected against direct contact: IP2x (wired device)
. Front panel protected against direct contact: IP3XD
. Class II, front panel with faceplate
. Protection against impacts: IK04

## Resistance to tremors:

. No change in the status of the contacts during the "resistance to tremors" test as defined by the standard EN 60898

## Device handling:

. Via remote control (switch).
. Via ergonomic 3-position handle ( I , auto, O ) if the product is fitted with one.

## Control status display:

. Via orange indicator showing the presence of the control signal or the forced switch-on status
. For contactors with a handle the position of the latter provides the following indications:
"I" position: Forced switch on/ON
"O" position: Forced switch off/OFF
"Auto" position: Automatic (the contact status depends on the electrical control)

## Labelling :

. Marking of the circuits on the front panel with the label holder


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## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

## Marking:

By indelible pad printing
. Front panel


Marking of the terminals:
Power: 1 to 8 Control: A1 and A2 Upper terminals


Lower terminals


By laser marking
. Upper panel


## Isolation distance:

. Greater than 3 mm in accordance with standard EN 61095

## Rated insulation voltage (Ui):

. 1-pole/2-pole: 250 V~
. 3-pole/4-pole: $400 \mathrm{~V} \sim$

## Degree of pollution:

. 2 in accordance with EN 61095
Insulation voltage between the control circuit and the power circuit:
.4 kV

## 16A and 25A power contactors with or without handle

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp): .4 kV

## Resistance to electromagnetic disturbance (EMC):

. 1.2/50 $\mu$ s impulse resistance: category 4 ( 2 kV between lines, 4 kV between line and earth)

Impact of height:
. No impact up to 2,000 m

## Rated frequency:

. $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$
Rated operating current depending on the category of use (le):
. AC7a or AC1 (heating): le $=16 \mathrm{~A}$ or 25 A depending on the catalogue numbers
. AC7b or AC3 (motor control): le =10 A (2.2 kW for 2 NO and 4 kW for 4 NO ) for the 25 A contactors and $\mathrm{le}=6.5 \mathrm{~A}$ for the 16 A contactors

Rated operating voltage (Ue):
. Ue = $250 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ for 1/2-pole
Ue $=400 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ for $3 / 4$-pole

## Protection against short-circuits:

. Conditional short-circuit current Iq = 6000 A in accordance with EN 61095
. Permissible thermal stress: $16000 A^{2} s$

## Recommendations:

. For protecting 16 A and 25 A contactors against short circuits depending on the conditional current Iq $=6000$ A NF EN 61095, using a circuit breaker or fuse gG with nominal voltage $\leq 25 \mathrm{~A}$ is recommended.

Control voltage (Uc):
. Uc = $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ or $24 \mathrm{~V} \sim$
Control operating voltage:
. from 0.85 to 1.1 times Uc
Control return voltage:
. from 0.2 to 0.75 times Uc
Control pulse duration:
. 100 ms minimum

## Rated service:

. Intermittent service: 600 operating cycles at the present time in accordance with EN 61095 (category 600)

Operating force using the handle:
. 1,000 g for closing and opening

## Endurance:

In number of operating cycles (ON + OFF)
Control via the handle: 500 operating cycles
Electrical control:

- $1,000,000$ operating cycles with no load
- 100,000 operating cycles at AC-7a in accordance with EN 61095 (same as at AC1)
- 150,000 operating cycles at AC-7b in accordance with EN 61095 (same as at AC3)


## Operation at 400 Hz :

. no

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## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

## DC usage:

. Control: does not work with DC
. Power circuit: NO contacts and NC contacts can be used to control loads supplied with DC in compliance with the derating table below

|  | DC 1 (resistive load) |  |  | DC 3 (motors) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of poles in series |  |  | Number of poles in series |  |  |
| Ue | 1 p | 2 p | 3 p | 1 p | 2 p | 3 p |
| $8 \mathrm{~V}=$ | 25 A | 25 A | 25 A | 21.5 A | 25 A | 25 A |
| $12 \mathrm{~V}=$ | 25 A | 25 A | 25 A | 20 A | 25 A | 25 A |
| $24 \mathrm{~V}=$ | 25 A | 25 A | 25 A | 16 A | 25 A | 25 A |
| $48 \mathrm{~V}=$ | 21 A | 25 A | 25 A | 8 A | 18 A | 25 A |
| $110 \mathrm{~V}=$ | 7 A | 16 A | 25 A | 1.6 A | 6.5 A | 16 A |

## Control consumption

| Type of contact | Control voltage | Consumption in mA (at Un) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Holding | Inrush |
| 2NO/NC+NO | $24 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ | 200 | 970 |
| 4NO |  | 300 | 2500 |
| 2NO | $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ | 12 | 60 |
| 2NC |  | 20 | 90 |
| $\mathrm{NC}+\mathrm{NO}$ |  | 20 | 90 |
| 4NO |  | 20 | 200 |



AVERAGE dissipated power via contact at 230 V :
. 0.8 W via contact for 16 A contactor
1.8 W via contact for 25 A contactor

Annual consumption of the contactors:
. 230/400V 50 Hz network power circuits
. Total consumption, control + power, in "standard" usage conditions.

| Type of contact | Control voltage | Consumption in KWh (at Un) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{NC}+\mathrm{NO}$ | 24 V | 4 |
| 2NO |  | 4.8 |
| 4NO |  | 7.6 |
| 2NO | 230 V | 3.1 |
| 2NC |  | 1.0 |
| $\mathrm{NC}+\mathrm{NO}$ |  | 3.4 |
| 4NO |  | 5.4 |
| 4NC |  | 2.0 |
| 2NC+2NO |  | 4.4 |

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## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

## Noise on holding:

. Traditional contactor: $\leq 45 \mathrm{~dB}$ at 1 cm

## Operating temperature:

. A standard contactor is set to function with its nominal current at an ambient temperature of $+30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
. In order to limit overheating the recommendation is to insert a spacing element (Cat. No. 406 307)

- every 2 contactors if the ambient temperature $\leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- for every contactor if the ambient temperature is $>40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
. The following derating needs to be applied depending on the ambient temperature values:
- from $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, no derating
- from $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with the derating below

| Contactor rating | $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{le}=16 \mathrm{~A}$ | 16 A | 14 A | 13 A |
| $\mathrm{le}=25 \mathrm{~A}$ | 25 A | 22 A | 20 A |

## Storage temperature:

. From $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## Enclosure material:

Polyamide

## Plastic material characteristics:

. Compliance with the resistance to incandescent wire for 30 seconds in accordance with IEC 695-2-1:

- Handle: $650^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Other parts: $850^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


## Weight:

le $=16 / 25 \mathrm{~A}$
Average 0.120 kg per 1-pole and 2-pole device
average 0.230 kg per 4-pole device

## Packaged volume:

$.0 .2 \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ for the 1-pole and 2-pole devices packaged in units
. $1.6 \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ for the 1-pole and 2-pole devices packaged in packs of 10
$0.4 \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ for the 4-pole devices packaged in units

## Contactor selection chart:

For a 10-year service life with 200 days of usage per year
Heating

| Maximum power depending on the number of operations per day (kW) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of operations per day |  | $\leq 50$ | 75 | 100 | 250 | 500 |
| ```Single-phase heating 230 V~``` | 16 A | 3,6 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 0.8 |
|  | 25 A | 5,6 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 2.5 | 1.25 |
| Three-phase heating 400 V~ | 25 A | 16 | 13.7 | 11.3 | 5 | 3.7 |
| Floor heating | 16 A | 1.5 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 25 A | 2.3 |  |  |  |  |

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

## . Lighting

Maximum number of bulbs per contact of the contactor in $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ single-phase and $400 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ three-phase + neutral networks . In a $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ three-phase network without neutral the values stated in these tables must be divided by $\sqrt{ } 3$

- Incandescent bulbs

| Low-voltage tungsten 230 V ~ and halogen filaments |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | 40 W | 60 W | 75 W | 100 W |
| 16 A | 45 | 30 | 24 | 19 |
| 25 A | 60 | 48 | 38 | 30 |


| Low-voltage tungsten 230 V ~ and halogen filaments |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | 150 W | 200 W | 500 W | 1000 W |
| 16 A | 13 | 10 | 4 | 2 |
| 25 A | 20 | 15 | 6 | 3 |


| ELV halogen bulbs with ferromagnetic ballast |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | 20 W | 35 W | 50 W | 75 W | 100 W | 150 W |
| 16 A | 32 | 20 | 15 | 12 | 9 | 6 |
| 25 A | 52 | 30 | 24 | 16 | 12 | 8 |


| ELV halogen bulbs with electronic ballast |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | 20 W | 35 W | 50 W | 75 W | 100 W | 150 W |
| 16 A | 60 | 40 | 28 | 18 | 14 | 9 |
| 25 A | 80 | 50 | 40 | 26 | 20 | 13 |

- Fluorescent tubes with ferromagnetic ballast

| Single parallel compensated fluorescent tubes with ferromagnetic ballast |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit power | 18 W | 20 W | 36 W | 58 W | 115 W |
| 16 A | 24 | 24 | 16 | 11 | 5 |
| 25 A | 33 | 30 | 25 | 17 | 9 |


| Double series compensated fluorescent tubes with ferromagnetic ballast |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | $2 \times 20 \mathrm{~W}$ | $2 \times 36 \mathrm{~W}$ | $2 \times 40 \mathrm{~W}$ | $2 \times 58 \mathrm{~W}$ | $2 \times 140$ |
| 16 A | 30 | 24 | 22 | 15 | 6 |
| 25 A | 45 | 38 | 35 | 24 | 10 |


| Quadruple series compensated fluorescent tubes with ferromagnetic <br> ballast |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | $4 \times 18 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| 16 A | 16 |
| 25 A | 24 |


| Compact fluorescent tubes with integrated starter for ferromagnetic ballast |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit power | 7 W | 10 W | 18 W | 26 W |
| 16 A | 50 | 40 | 28 | 19 |
| 25 A | 60 | 50 | 42 | 28 |

Motors (AC-7b)

| Maximum power $(\mathrm{kW})$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Single phase motor <br> $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ | 16 A | 1.5 |
|  | 25 A | 2.3 |
| Three-phase motor <br> $400 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ | 25 A | 4 |

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## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS(continued)

- Fluorescent tubes with electronic ballast

| Single fluorescent tubes electronic ballast |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | 18 W | 30 W | 36 W | 58 W |
| 16 A | 72 | 42 | 36 | 22 |
| 25 A | 110 | 68 | 58 | 36 |


| Double fluorescent tubes with electronic ballast |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | $2 \times 18 \mathrm{~W}$ | $2 \times 36 \mathrm{~W}$ | $2 \times 58 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| 16 A | 36 | 20 | 12 |
| 25 A | 56 | 30 | 19 |


| Triple fluorescent tubes with electronic ballast (series compensated) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | $3 \times 14 \mathrm{~W}$ | $3 \times 18 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| 16 A | 34 | 26 |
| 25 A | 46 | 38 |


| Quadruple fluorescent tubes with electronic ballast (series compensated) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | $4 \times 14 \mathrm{~W}$ | $4 \times 18 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| 16 A | 26 | 20 |
| 25 A | 37 | 28 |


| Compact fluorescent tubes with built-in electronic power supply |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | 7 W | 11 W | 15 W | 20 W | 23 W |
| 16 A | 120 | 80 | 64 | 50 | 43 |
| 25 A | 200 | 125 | 90 | 70 | 60 |

- Discharge lamps with compensation

| Metal halogenide |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | 35 W | 70 W | 100 W | 150 W | 250 W | 400 W |
| 16 A | 10 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 25 A | 15 | 9 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 2 |


| Low pressure sodium vapour |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | 18 W | 35 W | 55 W | 90 W | 135 W | 180 W |
| 16 A | 12 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| 25 A | 20 | 10 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 3 |


| High pressure sodium vapour |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | 70 W | 150 W | 250 W | 400 W | 1000 W |
| 16 A | 8 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 1 |
| 25 A | 10 | 9 | 6 | 4 | 2 |


| High pressure mercury vapour |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | 50 W | 80 W | 125 W | 250 W | 400 W |
| 16 A | $\mathbf{1 1}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | 6 | 3 | 2 |
| 25 A | 15 | 10 | 8 | 4 | 3 |


| High pressure mixed |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | 100 W | 160 W | 250 W | 400 W |
| 16 A | 9 | 6 | 4 | 2 |
| 25 A | 11 | 7 | 5 | 3 |


| ELV halogen bulbs with electronic ballast |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit power | 20 W | 35 W | 50 W | 75 W | 100 W | 150 W |
| 16 A | 60 | 40 | 28 | 18 | 14 | 9 |
| 25 A | 80 | 50 | 40 | 26 | 20 | 13 |

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## 6. EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES(continued)

Attaching auxiliaries (continued):
. Option of adding two signalling auxiliaries per contactor

- Cat. No. 412429

- Cat. No. 412430


